1 2 3 5 6 7 UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT 8 WESTERN DISTRICT OF WASHINGTON 9 AT TACOMA 10 KING K. GARDNER. 11 Plaintiff. Case No. C04-5545 FDB 12 v. ORDER FOR ATTORNEY FEES 13 MICHAEL J. ASTRUE, Commissioner of PURSUANT TO 42 U.S.C. § 406(b) Social Security, 14 Defendant. 15 This matter comes before the Court on Plaintiff's motion for authorization of attorney fees 16 under 42 U.S.C. § 406(b). Counsel for Plaintiff seeks a gross fee award of \$32,504, and a net award 17 of \$16,629.35. The Commissioner has filed a response to Plaintiff's motion requesting that 18 Plaintiff's request be partially rejected and the amount reduced. 19 42 U.S.C. § 406(b) 20 Attorney's fees may be awarded to a successful social security claimant's lawyer for his or 21 her representation before a court pursuant 42 U.S.C. §§ 406(b); Straw v. Bowen, 866 F.2d 1167 (9th 22 Cir. 1989). Plaintiff must apply to the Social Security Administration for an award of fees for 23 representation at the administrative level. 42 U.S.C. § 406(a); Stenswick v. Bowen, 815 F.2d 519 24 (9th Cir. 1987). Previously, this Court awarded Plaintiff's counsel the amounts of \$5,067.50 and 25 26 ORDER - 1

\$5,447.15 pursuant to the Equal Access to Justice Act (EAJA). The net award of § 406(b) fees that Plaintiff's attorney seeks, \$16,629.35 is the balance remaining after the amount withheld, 25% of the of past-due benefits award of \$130,504, is reduced by the EAJA fees and \$5,300.00 already paid as attorney fees in the administrative proceeding.

Under 42 U.S.C. § 406(b)(1)(A) the court can only award fees up to the 25 percent withheld from the past-due benefits. This 25 percent limit applies to the total of EAJA and § 406(b) fees combined. See, Morris v. Social Sec. Admin., 689 F.2d 495, 497-98 (4th Cir. 1982); Webb v. Richardson, 472 F.2d 529, 536 (6th Cir. 1972); Dawson v. Finch, 425 F.2d 1192, 1195 (5th Cir. 1970). The regulations define "past-due benefits" to mean:

the total amount of benefits payable under title II of the Act to all beneficiaries that has accumulated because of a favorable administrative or judicial determination or decision, **up to but not including the month the determination or decision is made**.

20 C.F.R. § 404.1703 (2008) (emphasis added). As detailed by the Commissioner, the favorable decision that resulted in past-due benefits was issued by an Administrative Law Judge on September 26, 2008. Therefore, past-due benefits for purposes of calculating attorney fees under 42 U.S.C. § 406(b) ended in August 2008. Monthly benefits payable in September 2008 were \$1,900.10. Accordingly, past-due benefits subject to attorney fees are thus \$128,115.90

Twenty-five percent of past due benefits is \$32,028.98. Applying the deductions proposed by Plaintiff, and not objected to by the Commissioner, Plaintiff is entitled to a net fee under § 406(b) of \$16,154.33.

Conclusion

The Court concludes that an attorney's fees award of \$32,028.98 is reasonable within the meaning of § 406(b). Subtracting the previously awarded EAJA fees and other attorney fees previously paid, counsel is entitled to a net award of \$16,154.33.

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ACCORDINGLY; IT IS ORDERED: Plaintiff's Motion for an Award of Attorney's Fees [Dkt #34] is GRANTED. Plaintiff's counsel is awarded 42 U.S.C. § 406(b) gross attorney fees in the sum of \$32,028.98. The Commissioner is directed to subtract the previously awarded EAJA fees and other attorney fees paid counsel and send to Plaintiff's counsel an award of \$16,154.33., minus any applicable processing fees as allowed by statute. DATED this 20th day of July, 2009. FRANKLIN D. BURGESS UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE

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